

RESIDENTIAL AND SMALL NON-RESIDENTIAL STANDARD OFFER SERVICE CONSUMER INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

July 2026

Electricity suppliers in Maine must, by Maine law, provide fact sheets, or “uniform disclosure labels” from time to time to educate consumers about their electricity service. Your electricity is delivered by your electrical utility, either Central Maine Power Company or Versant Power, but the electricity itself is supplied by:

SmartestEnergy US LLC

This fact sheet provides consumer information about the power sources and air emissions of service provided by SmartestEnergy US LLC for a twelve-month period.

Power Sources

(January 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025)

The supplier projects providing electricity with the following resources:

Air-source heat pump	0.35%
Biogas	0.01%
Biomass	1.57%
Coal	0.25%
Diesel	1.69%
Digester gas	0.10%
Efficient Resource (Maine)	0.00%
Energy Storage	0.07%
Fuel Cell	0.95%
Geothermal	0.00%
Ground- and Water-source heat pump	0.04%
Hydroelectric/Hydropower	4.93%
Hydrokinetic	0.00%
Jet	0.01%
Landfill Gas	0.38%
Liquid Biofuels	0.12%
Municipal Solid Waste	0.48%
Natural Gas	45.49%
Nuclear	22.78%
Oil	5.68%
Solar Photovoltaic	8.56%
Solar Thermal	0.00%
Trash-to-Energy	1.74%
Wind	3.86%
Wood	0.93%

Air Emissions

(January 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025)

This table compares air emissions from this supplier’s electricity mix to average emission levels from all New England’s power sources.

Supplier’s Mix (lbs./MWh)		
Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)	694.13	This is equal to the New England Average.
Nitrogen Oxide (NO_x)	0.57	This is equal to the New England Average.
Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)	0.30	This is equal to the New England Average.
Notes: lbs./MWh = pounds per Megawatt-hour 1 Megawatt-hour = 1,000 Kilowatt-hours		

Additional Information and Required Notes:

Power Sources—Maine law requires retail electricity providers to periodically provide information to their customers on the mix of power sources used by the provider to serve their Maine customers’ load.

Emissions— **Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)** is released when certain fuels are burned. It is considered a greenhouse gas and a major contributor to global warming. **Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x)** form when certain fuels are burned at high temperatures. They are considered contributors to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog). **Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)** is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned. Major health effects associated with SO₂ include asthma, respiratory illness, and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. The production of electricity can produce other harmful emissions and have other environmental impacts. Environmental impacts differ among individual power plants.

*If you have questions or need further explanation, please contact **SmartestEnergy US LLC at (800) 448-0995** or the Maine Public Utilities Commission, toll-free, at 1-800-452-4699. Additional information can also be found at <https://www.maine.gov/mpuc/>.*